



RESOURCES

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SOLID QUALITY. SOLID SERVICE.

BOTTLE COOLERS



INSTALLATION AND USER MANUAL

Model: BC-XX

BOTTLE COOLERS

USER MANUAL



CAUTION! RISK OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION! This equipment contains flammable refrigerant. R-290 and should only be repaired by a qualified technician.



Warning: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or death. Read this manual carefully before installing or servicing this equipment.



*PLEASE READ THE MANUAL THOROUGHLY PRIOR TO
EQUIPMENT SET-UP, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.*

INSTALLATION/ OPERATION

IMPORTANT!!! PLEASE READ BEFORE INSTALLATION

- If the unit has recently been transported please let unit stand still for a minimum of 24 hours before plugging it in.
- Make sure that the unit drops down to desired temperature before loading the unit with product.
- Make sure that there is proper ventilation around the unit in the area where it will operate.
- Make sure all accessories are installed (i.e. shelves, shelf clips, casters) before plugging the unit in.
- Please read through the Operation / Owners Manual in its entirety.

CABINET LOCATION GUIDELINES

- **Install the unit on strong and leveled surfaces**
 - unit may make unpleasant noises or malfunction if surface is uneven
 - unit may malfunction if surface is uneven
- **Install the unit in an indoor, well-ventilated area**
 - unit performs more efficiently in a well-ventilated area
 - for best performance, please maintain clearance of 4" on the back of the unit
 - outdoor use may cause decreased efficiency and damage to the unit
- **Avoid installation in a high humidity and/or dusty area**
 - humidity could cause unit to rust and decrease efficiency of the unit
 - dust collected on condenser coil will cause unit to malfunction. Clean the condenser at least once a month with a brush or clean cloth
- **Select a location away from heat and moisture-generating equipment**
 - high ambient temperatures will cause the compressor to overwork, leading to higher energy bills and gradual breakdown of the unit

ELECTRICAL

Please ensure that the required voltage of the compressor is being supplied at all times. Low or high voltage can detrimentally affect the refrigeration unit. All units should be plugged into a grounded and properly-sized electrical outlet with appropriate over current protection. Please refer to the electrical requirements on the nameplate. Please make sure that your unit has its own dedicated outlet. Do not use an extension cord.

TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

The temperature controls are factory-set to maintain an average temperature of 38 F in refrigerators. To maintain a different temperature, simply adjust the control knob located inside the unit.

To decrease the temperature (colder), turn clockwise. To increase the temperature (warmer), turn counter-clockwise - see *diagram*

LOADING PRODUCT

The bin dividers have been installed at the factory for your convenience. Feel free to reposition the dividers as you see fit. To remove the bin dividers, simply push the divider towards the back wall until the front of the divider is removed from the positioning holes. To install, position the divider to the desired holes, making sure that the pressure spring is installed properly.

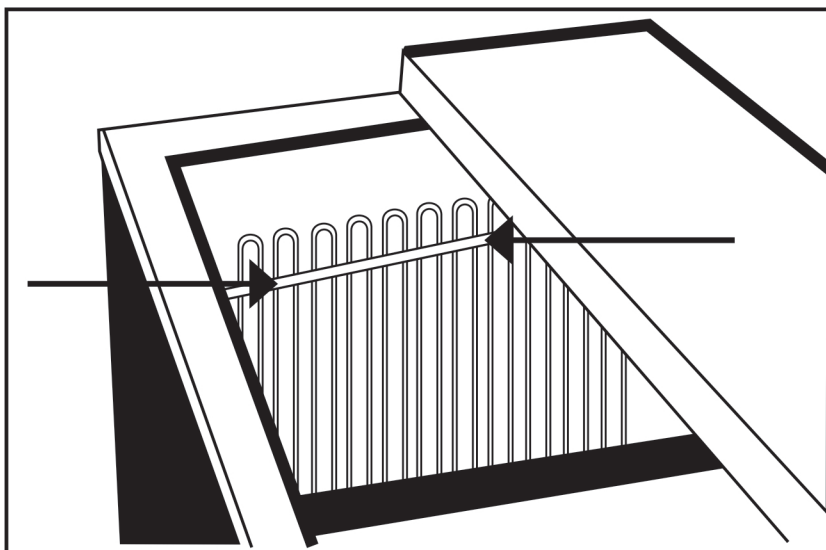
PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO THE LOAD LIMIT STICKERS LOCATED ON THE INTERIOR WALLS OF THE UNIT. DO NOT LOAD PRODUCT ABOVE THE LOAD LIMIT STICKERS OR ABOVE THE TOP CROSS BAR OF THE BIN DIVIDERS. LOADING PRODUCT ABOVE THE LOAD LIMIT STICKERS WILL HARM THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNIT.

CAUTION

Setting the temperature control to the coldest setting may cause the evaporator coil to freeze and ice up. This will eventually result in a warmer cabinet temperature

TEMPERATURE.

Do not load
Product above
the top crossbar.
Doing so will
harm the
Refrigeration.



SAFETY / WARNING

Please pay close attention the safety notices in this section.
Disregarding these notices may lead to serious injury and/or damage to the unit.

ATTENTION

- To minimize shock and fire hazards, be sure not to overload outlet. Please designate one outlet for your unit.
- Do not use extension cords.
- Do not put your hands under the unit when the unit is required to be moved.
- When the unit is not in use for a long period of time, please unplug the unit from the outlet.
- After unplugging the unit, wait at least 10 minutes before re-plugging it. Failure to do so could cause damage to the compressor.

UNPLUG CORD

- To minimize shock and fire hazards, please do not plug or unplug the cord

with wet hands.

- During maintenance and cleaning, please unplug the unit.

PROPER GROUNDING REQUIRED

- To minimize shock and fire hazards, make sure that the unit is properly grounded.

PROHIBITION

- Do not attempt to remove or repair any component unless instructed by factory.
- Make sure that the unit is not resting on or against the electrical cord and plug.
- To minimize personal injury, do not hang on the doors.
- Do not store any flammable and explosive gas or liquids inside the unit.
- Do not attempt to alter or tamper with the electrical cord.
- Do not set the desired temperature out of the recommended temperature range:(Ref:32 F - 50 F)

III.

CAUTION FOR SAFETY.

1. Leave enough space from the wall to the cabinet and the ceiling; do not be sealed completely in the back part of the cabinet,prepare an air vent to the outside.

Caution:It needs more than 20 cm from the cabinet to wall.

- 2.Please move away all out-package for bottom heat radiation to avoid fire.
- 3.It's prohibited to store flammable and volatile chemical,or leading to exploding.
- 4.individual single-phase socket must be used.It should be reliably connected to a grounding wire.

Caution:Do not connect grounding wire to a water or gas pipe.

- 5.Do not be hard collided or fiercely vibrated when in transportation; it is not larger than 45° for the inclination of the cabinet.
- 6.Please refer to the Trouble Shooting references when the unit is facing some problems. Do no attempt to solve the problem on your own,Please refer to certified technician only.
- 7.**DANGER** -Risk of fire or explosion.Flammable refrigerant used.Do not use mechanical devices to defrost refrigerator .Do not puncture refrigerant tubing.

DANGER -Risk of fire or explosion.Flammable refrigerant used.To be repaired only by trained service personnel.Do not puncture refrigerant tubing.

CAUTION -Risk of fire or explosion.Flammable refrigerant used.Consult repair manual/owner's guide before attempting to service this product.All safety precautions must be followed.

CAUTION -Risk of fire or explosion.Dispose of properly in accordance with federal or local regulations.Flammable refrigerant used.

CAUTION -Risk of fire or explosion due to puncture of refrigerant tubing; follow handling instructions carefully.Flammable refrigerant used.

CAUTION -Keep clear of obstruction all ventilation openings in the appliance enclosure or in the structure for building-in.

CAUTION -servicing shall be done by factory authorized service personnel,so as to minimize the risk of possible ignition due to incorrect parts or improper service.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

CLEANING THE CONDENSER COIL

- For efficient operation, it is important that the condenser surface be kept free of dust, dirt, and lint.
- We recommend cleaning the condenser coil and fins at least once per month.
- Clean with a commercial condenser coil cleaner, available from any kitchen equipment retailer. Brush the condenser fins from top to bottom, not side to side.
- After cleaning, straighten any bent condenser fins with a fin comb.

CLEANING THE FAN BLADES AND MOTOR

- If necessary, clean the fan blades and motor with a soft cloth. If it is necessary to wash the fan blades, cover the fan motor to prevent moisture damage.

CLEANING THE INTERIOR OF UNIT

- When cleaning the cabinet interior, use a solvent of warm water and mild soap.
- Do not use steel wool, caustic soap, abrasive cleaners, or bleach that may damage the stainless steel surface.
- Periodically remove the bin dividers and thoroughly clean the dividers with warm soap and water. If some liquid happens to collect on the inside of the unit, clean it right away. Do not leave the liquid sitting inside of the unit. This will cause corrosion and will deteriorate the life of the unit.

WARNING

Disconnect power cord before cleaning any parts of the unit.

TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

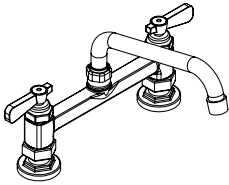
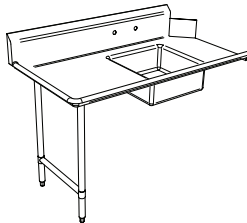
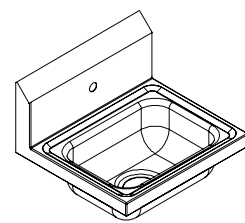
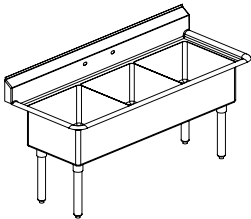
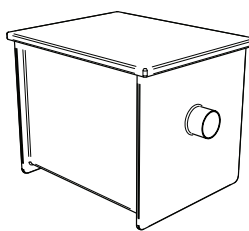
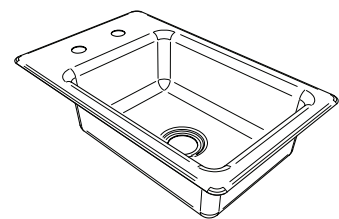
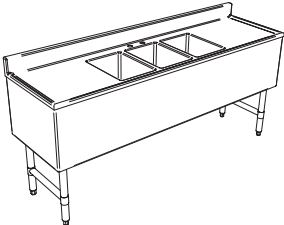
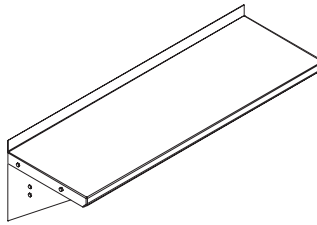
Before requesting any service on your unit, please check the following points. Please note that this guide serves only as a reference for solutions to common problems.

Troubleshooting

Issue	Possible Issue	Possible Solution
Compressor not running.	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.
	GFCI Circuit Tripped	Reset GFCI
	Power cord unplugged	Plug in power cord.
	Thermostat set too high.	Set thermostat to lower temperature.
	Cabinet in defrost cycle.	Wait for defrost cycle to finish.
Condensing units run for long periods of time.	Excessive amount of warm product placed in cabinet.	Allow adequate time for product to cool down.
	Prolonged door opening or door ajar.	Ensure doors are closed when not in use. Avoid opening doors for long periods of time.
	Door gasket(s) not sealing properly.	Ensure gaskets are snapped in completely. Remove gasket and wash with soap and water. Check condition of gasket and replace if necessary.
	Dirty condenser coil.	Clean the condenser coil. (Page 9)
	Evaporator coil iced over.	Ensure that door gasket(s) are sealing properly (see above). Thermostat is set too cold - optimum temperature is 38 F. Frequently opened doors or high ambient humidity - Unplug unit and allow coil to defrost.
Cabinet temperature is too warm.	Thermostat set too warm.	Set thermostat to lower temperature.
	Airflow blocked.	Re-arrange product to allow for proper air flow. Make sure there is at least 4 inches of clearance from evaporator.
	Excessive amount of warm product placed in cabinet.	Allow adequate time for product to cool down.
	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.
	Low refrigerant levels.	Contact a service technician to check refrigerant levels.
	Prolonged door opening or door ajar.	Ensure doors are closed when not in use. Avoid opening doors for long periods of time
Interior light is not working.	Poor switch connection.	Turn off light switch and turn it back on.
	Bulb is not connected.	Make sure bulb is correctly inserted in the socket.
	Bulb has burned out.	Replace the bulb.
Condensation is collecting on the cabinet and/or floor.	Gasket is not sealing properly.	Clean, repair, or replace the gasket as needed.
	Relative humidity is above 60%.	Move unit to area below relative humidity or lower humidity level.
Other common problems.	Low refrigerant levels.	Contact a service technician to check refrigerant levels.
	Door is slightly ajar.	Make sure door is completely closed.

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PLUMBING**TUYAUTERIE****DISH TABLES****TABLES À VAISSELLE PROPRE****HAND SINKS****LAVE-MAINS****COMPARTMENT SINKS****ÉVIERS À COMPARTIMENTS****GREASE TRAPS****COLLECTEURS DE GRAISSE****DROP IN SINKS****LAVABOS ENCASTRÉS****UNDERBAR EQUIPMENT****ÉQUIPEMENT DE BAR****SHELVING****ÉTAGÈRES****STAINLESS STEEL TABLES****TABLES EN ACIER INOXYDABLE**